TOWN OF ARLINGTON



TAX CLASSIFICATION HEARING December 4, 2023 FY 2024

DANA MANN
DIRECTOR OF ASSESSMENTS

HOW TO DETERMINE THE LEVY TOTAL TO BE RAISED AND THE TAX RATE FY 2024

I. CALCULATE THE FY 2024 LEVY LIMIT	
A. FY 2023 LEVY LIMIT	\$135,356,908
B. ADD 2.5 %	\$3,383,913
C. ADD FY 2024 NEW GROWTH *	\$1,280,112
D. ADD FY 2024 OVERRIDE	\$0
E. FY 2024 LEVY LIMIT	\$140,020,933
II. CALCULATE THE FY 2024 TOTAL TO BE RAISEI)
FY 2024 LEVY LIMIT	\$140,020,933
ADD FY 2024 SCHOOL DEBT EXCLUSION	\$13,830,576
MAXIMUM TOTAL TO BE RAISED	\$153,851,509
III. CALCULATE THE FY 2024 TAX RATE	
TO DE DAYGED / TOTAL TAXABLE V 1000	
TO BE RAISED / ASSESSED VALUE X 1000	
\$153,807,575 / \$14,523,850,398 X 1000	\$10.59
EXCESS LEVY \$43,934	

^{*}GROWTH TAX DOLLARS AND THE TAX RATE ARE ESTIMATED PENDING DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE APPROVAL

MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
DIVISION OF LOCAL SERVICES
BUREAU OF LOCAL ASSESSMENT

Arlington	
TOWN	

SHIFTING THE TAX RATE

Fiscal Year 2024

I. CALCULATION OF THE MINIMUM RESIDENTIAL FACTOR - 150% Shift (formerly shown on the LA-7)

The Minimum Residential Factor is used to make sure the shift of the tax burden complies with the law (M.G.L. c. 58, § 1A). Residential and Open Space taxpayers must pay at least 65% of their full and fair cash value share of the levy. Commercial/Industrial/Personal Property taxpayers cannot pay more than 150% of their full and fair cash value share of the levy. If the calculated Minimum Residential Factor is less than 65%, a community cannot make the maximum shift and must use a Commercial/Industrial/Personal Property factor less than 150%.

A Class			D Combined Res/OS, CIP	
1. Residential	13,747,614,314	94.6555%	94.6555%	
2. Open Space	0	0.0000%		
3. Commercial	537,586,224	3.7014%	5.3445%	
4. Industrial	27,367,600	0.1884%		
5. Personal Property	211,282,260	1.4547%		
TOTALS	14,523,850,398	100.0000%		

The "Percentage Share" is based on the "Full and Fair Cash Valuation" of each class, which is affected by the level of assessment for each class. The level of assessment can range between 90% and 110%. This alone can cause a shift if the level of assessment for Residential and

Open Space is different than the level of assessment for Commercial, Industrial and Personal Property.

Maximum Share of Levy for Commercial/Industrial/Personal Property: 150% * 5.3445% (Lines 3C + 4C + 5C) = 8.0168% (Max % Share)

This calculation shows the maximum % share of the levy allowed for the full and fair cash value of the combined Commercial, Industrial and Personal Property classes (150% of the combined shares.) NOTE: Shift impact is reduced as the Max % Share decreases.

Minimum Share of Levy for Residential and Open Space: 100% - 8.0168% (Max % Share) = 91.9832% (Min % Share)

This calculation shows the minimum % share of the levy allowed for the full and fair cash value of the combined Residential and Open Space Property classes. This is computed by subtracting the Maximum Share for Industrial/Commercial/Personal Property from 100%.

Minimum Residential Factor (MRF): 91.9832% (Min % Share) / 94.6555% (Lines 1C + 2C) = 97.1768% (Minimum Residential Factor)

This calculates the Minimum Residential Factor: divide the minimum % share for Residential and Open Space by the actual % share for Residential and Open Space.

MINIMUM RESIDENTIAL FACTOR: 97.1768% Chapter 58, Section 1A mandates a minimum residential factor of not less than 65 percent.

When the Minimum Residential Factor is multiplied by % share of the Residential and Open space full and fair cash value, it reduces the Residential and Open Space share to its Minimum % Share of the Levy as calculated above.

MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE DIVISION OF LOCAL SERVICES BUREAU OF LOCAL ASSESSMENT

Arlington	
TOWN	

SHIFTING THE TAX RATE

Fiscal Year 2024

II. CALCULATION OF THE LOWEST POSSIBLE RESIDENTIAL FACTOR - 175% Shift (Chapter 200)

Chapter 200 of the Acts of 1988 amended M.G.L. c. 58, § 1A to allow cities and towns to give Residential property taxpayers greater tax relief by adopting a shift of the property tax burden from Residential taxpayers to the Commercial, Industrial and Personal Property taxpayers, provided certain parameters are not exceeded. Chapter 200 allows a shift of up to 75% (also known as a 175% shift) and lowers the percentage that Residential and Open Space taxpayers must raise to 50%. By expanding the shift, the tax levy on Commercial, Industrial and Personal Property taxpayers increases, and the tax Levy on Residential and Open Space taxpayers decreases.

The first Section (Steps 1, 2 & 3) determines whether Residential taxpayers would raise a greater percentage of the property tax levy this fiscal year than they raised last fiscal year, if the town voted the existing law's maximum shift of 150% onto Commercial/Industrial/Personal Property taxpayers.

1. Last year's chosen RESIDENTIAL percentage* (Residential only, does not include Open Space)	<u>94.5277%</u>
This is last year's chosen residential percentage (RES%), not including Open Space, from form LA-5 (under the "SHIFT PERCENTS" section). (Note: The residential share in the fiscal year prior to a community's first property value certification may be used if the assessors can document that it was lower than the prior year's LA5 RES%.)	
2. This year's Minimum Residential Factor using a 150% shift to CIP (from LA-7).	<u>97.1768%</u>
This is the "Minimum Residential Factor (MRF)" calculation in Section I above.	
3. Minimum residential share (R) in current year using 150% Shift to CIP.	91.9832%
This is the "Minimum Share of Levy for Residential" calculation in Section I above.	

If #1 is greater than #3, STOP!

You may shift only up to 150% to Commercial/Industrial/Personal Property, and line #2 remains your Minimum Residential Factor. You must stop here, because continuing would cause the Residential taxpayers to pay more this year than they did lastyear.

If #3 is greater than #1, go on., continue the shift calculations. Steps 7, 8 and 9 determine whether Residential & Open Space taxpayers would raise a smaller percentage of the property tax levy this fiscal year than they have ever raised since the community's first certification of values, assuming the town voted a 175% shift onto Commercial/Industrial/Personal Property taxpayers as allowed by Chapter 200.

4. Calculate a Residential Factor using a 175% shift to CIP.	
This Residential Factor is the result of repeating the calculations in Steps 1 through 3 above using a shift of 175% instead of 150%. Residential and Open Space taxpayers must raise a minimum of 50%	
5. Multiply this new Residential Factor by this year's residential percentage.	
This calculation multiplies the factor in step 4 above by the combined Residential/Open Space % Share from the grid at the top.	
6. What is the Lowest Historical Residential Percentage since the first certification.	
This is the "Historic Low % " shown on the LA-5 Options & Certification form.	

If #5 is greater than #6, STOP!

You may shift up to 175% to the Commercial/Industrial/Personal Property taxpayers and step 4 is the Lowest Residential Factor.

If #6 is greater than #5, go on.

This section determines the maximum shift allowed by law, and the lowest residential factor allowable to achieve the maximum shift. These calculations will not appear if the 175% shift is not allowed according to the calculations above (If #5 is greater than #6).

7A. Take the lowest historical residential percentage (6 above).	
The residential share in the year before first certification may be used if assessors document it was lower.	
7B. Divide 7A by the current combined residential/open space percentage share (Residential & Open Space $\%$ from the grid above).	
7C. The result is the lowest residential factor allowable (it may not be less than 50%).	

TOWN OF ARLINGTON CLASSIFICATION OF REAL ESTATE SELECT BOARD December 4, 2023 FISCAL YEAR 2024

I.	OPTION OF THE SELECT BOARD (CHAPTER 797 OF MASSACHUSETTS GENE	ERAL LAW)
II.	ALLOWS THE BOARD OF SELECTMEN TO INCREASE THE COMMERCIAL, IND PERSONAL PROPERTY (CIP) CLASSES OF PROPERTY UP TO 150% OF THE LEV	
	.	
III.	ARLINGTON'S MINIMAL RESIDENTIAL FACTOR (MRF) FOR FISCAL 2024	97.1768%
IV.	CIP SHARE OF THE FY 2024 LEVY IS	5.3445%
VI.	CIP'S MAXIMUM SHARE THEREFORE MAY BE RAISED TO	8.0168%

Town of Arlington Office of the Board of Assessors FISCAL YEAR 2024

Note: All rates are estimated subject to DOR certification

			RATE PER \$1000 AV		CIP	RO
	CIP%	RO%	CID	CIP RO	TAX INC.	TAX DEC.
AT	SHARE	SHARE	CIP	RO	PER 500K	PER 500K
100.00%	5.3445	94.6555	\$10.59	\$10.59	\$0	\$0
105.00%	5.6117	94.3883	\$11.12	\$10.56	\$265	(\$14.95)
110.00%	5.8790	94.1211	\$11.65	\$10.53	\$529	(\$29.89)
115.000/	0.1400	00.0500	#10.10	#10.50	#F0.4	(#44.04)
115.00%	6.1462	93.8538	\$12.18	\$10.50	\$794	(\$44.84)
120.00%	6.4134	93.5866	\$12.71	\$10.47	¢1 050	/¢E0.70\
120.0070	0.4134	93.3600	φ12./1	\$1U.47	\$1,059	(\$59.79)
125.00%	6.6806	93.3194	\$13.24	\$10.44	\$1,324	(\$74.74)
120.0075	0.0000	00.0101	Ψ10.21	Ψ10/11	41,021	(41 211 2)
130.00%	6.9479	93.0522	\$13.77	\$10.41	\$1,588	(\$89.69)
						,
135.00%	7.2151	92.7849	\$14.30	\$10.38	\$1,853	(\$104.64)
140.00%	7.4823	92.5177	\$14.83	\$10.35	\$2,118	(\$119.58)
145.00%	7.7495	92.2505	\$15.36	\$10.32	\$2,383	(\$134.53)
150.00%	8.0168	91.9833	\$15.88	\$10.29	\$2,647	(\$149.48)

CIP SHARE OF LEVY IS	\$8,220,340
CIP MAXIMUM LEVY IS	\$12,330,510

^{*}CIP-COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, PERSONAL PROPERTY

^{*}RO- RESIDENTIAL, OPEN SPACE

RESIDENTIAL EXEMPTION

Residential Average Assessment	Total Accounts	Total Eligible Accounts	Exemption Voted	Exemption Amount	Total Value Exempted	New Residential Assessment Total	Total Residential Levy	Tax Rate
925,703	14,851	0	0%	0	0	13,747,614,314	145,587,330	\$10.59
		12,326	5%	46,285	570,510,759	13,177,103,555	145,587,330	\$11.05
		12,326	10%	92,570	1,141,021,518	12,606,592,796	145,587,330	\$11.55
		12,326	15%	138,855	1,711,532,277	12,036,082,037	145,587,330	\$12.10
		12,326	20%	185,141	2,282,043,036	11,465,571,278	145,587,330	\$12.70

- Residential Exemption up to 35% of average residential value:
 Only adopted in a handful of communities including Boston,
 Cambridge, Chelsea and Brookline.
- Tax Rate would go from \$10.59 to \$12.70 before discount.
- The Breakeven point is \$1,114,355.
- Approximately 17% of homes shoulder the burden.
- Most homes in Arlington are owner- occupied.

ASSESSORS' OFFICE TOWN OF ARLINGTON TAX RATE PER \$ 1000 OF ASSESSED VALUE

YEAR	RATE	YEAR	RATE		YEAR	RATE	YEAR	RATE
1929	\$30.00	1954	\$54.50		FY 1978	\$78.00	FY 2003	\$13.64
1930	\$30.40	1955	\$59.20		FY 1979	\$84.60	FY 2004	\$10.61
1931	\$31.40	1956	\$69.20		FY 1980	\$81.00	FY 2005	\$10.94
1932	\$30.40	1957	\$70.40		FY 1981	\$87.00	FY 2006	\$11.34
1933	\$30.40	1958	\$71.20		FY 1982	\$73.50	FY 2007	\$10.95
1934	\$33.00	1959	\$74.00		FY 1983	\$22.70	FY 2008	\$11.45
1935	\$33.00	1960	\$78.20		FY 1984	\$23.43	FY 2009	\$11.92
1936	\$34.00	1961	\$82.60		FY 1985	\$23.96	FY 2010	\$12.11
1937	\$35.60	1962	\$85.00	1	FY 1986	\$16.49	FY 2011	\$12.41
1938	\$35.20	1963	\$84.60		FY 1987	\$17.24	FY 2012	\$13.66
1939	\$36.80	1964	\$92.60		FY 1988	\$17.66	FY 2013	\$13.61
1940	\$35.80	1965	\$97.60		FY 1989	\$10.86	FY 2014	\$13.79
1941	\$34.80	1966	\$97.60		FY 1990	\$11.25	FY 2015	\$13.55
1942	\$35.60	1967	\$106.00		FY 1991	\$12.47	FY 2016	\$12.80
1943	\$32.00	1968	\$124.00		FY 1992	\$13.84	FY 2017	\$12.56
1944	\$32.00	1969	\$41.00		FY 1993	\$14.52	FY 2018	\$12.13
1945	\$34.40	1970	\$48.20		FY 1994	\$15.55	FY 2019	\$11.26
1946	\$38.00	1971	\$51.80		FY 1995	\$16.06	FY 2020	\$11.06
1947	\$42.80	1972	\$56.80		FY 1996	\$16.54	FY 2021	\$11.34
1948	\$44.20	1973	\$56.80		FY 1997	\$17.08	FY 2022	\$11.42
1949	\$46.20	1973	\$28.20	1	FY 1998	\$16.73	FY 2023	\$11.21
1950	\$50.40	1974	\$74.00	1	FY 1999	\$17.17	FY 2024	\$10.59
1951	\$54.20	FY 1975	\$67.20		FY 2000	\$17.66		
1952	\$56.40	FY 1976	\$67.20		FY 2001	\$13.17		
1953	\$57.60	FY 1977	\$74.80	1	FY 2002	\$13.85	1	

Arlington

TOWN

ASSESSMENT/CLASSIFICATION REPORT as of January 1, 2023

Fiscal Year 2024

Property Type	Parc	el Count	Class 1 Residential	Class 2 Open Space	Class 3 Commercial	Class 4 Industrial	Class 5 Pers Prop
101		8,008	8,129,420,100				
102		4,121	2,472,017,000				
MISC 103,109		11	15,045,500				
104		2,016	2,135,511,560				
105		174	195,605,500				
111-125		157	684,439,100				
130-32,106		287	41,024,000				
200-231		0		0			
300-393		367			469,896,300		
400-442		21				27,367,600	
450-452		0				0	
CH 61 LAND	0	0		0	0		
CH 61A LAND	0	0		0	0		
CH 61B LAND	1	3		0	1,327,188		
012-043		77	74,551,554	0	66,362,736	0	
501		148					6,726,36
502		129					3,775,92
503		0					
504		2					160,502,06
505		6					23,003,40
506		2					14,318,10
508		3					2,956,42
550-552		0					(
TOTALS		15,533	13,747,614,314	0	537,586,224	27,367,600	211,282,26
Real and Personal	Property	/ Total Value					14,523,850,39
Exempt Parcel Count & Value 361							987,437,90

TOWN

LA13 Tax Base Levy Growth

Retain documentation for 5 years in case of DOR audit - Fiscal Year 2024

Property Class	(A) All Prior Year Abatement No.	(B) All Prior Year Abatement Values	(C) New Growth Valuation	(D) PY Tax Rate	(E) Tax Levy Growth
RESIDENTIAL	7.III THOI TOUL 7.IBULOINGINE NO.	7 III T TOU 7 IS ALL SHIELD TO THE TAILOR	non cromm valuation	1 1 Tux Halo	rux 2017 Grown
SINGLE FAMILY (101)	7	447,400	38,233,600		
CONDOMINIUM (102)	2	52,200	32,624,500		
TWO & THREE FAMILY (104 & 105)	0	0	5,227,400		
MULTI - FAMILY (111-125)	0	0	21,193,100		
VACANT LAND (130-132 & 106)	0	0	0		
ALL OTHERS (103, 109, 012-018)	0	0	1,097,456		
TOTAL RESIDENTIAL	9	499,600	98,376,056	11.21	1,102,796
OPEN SPACE	0	0	0		
OPEN SPACE - CHAPTER 61, 61A, 61B	0	0	0		
TOTAL OPEN SPACE	0	0	0	0.00	0
COMMERCIAL	1	325,900	1,378,044		
COMMERCIAL - CHAPTER 61, 61A, 61B	1	704,295	0		
TOTAL COMMERCIAL	2	1,030,195	1,378,044	11.21	15,448
INDUSTRIAL	0	0	0	11.21	0
PERSONAL PROPERTY	1	29,580	14,474,220	11.21	162,256
TOTAL REAL & PERSONAL	12	1,559,375	114,228,320		1,280,500

Community Comments:

FY 2024 vs FY 2023 by State Class Code

						24 VS 23				
G 1	Garla Tama Garrat FY 2024 Ann AV Count				%	Ave AV	G .	FY 2023		
Code	Type	Count	Assessed Value	Ave. AV	Inc/Dec	Inc/Dec	Inc/Dec	Count	Assessed Value	Ave. AV
101	Single Family	8,008	8,129,420,100	1,015,162	0	11.26%	102,777	8,008	7,306,385,400	912,386
102	Condominium	4,121	2,472,017,000	599,859	82	9.45%	40,682	4,039	2,258,514,600	559,177
Misc 103,109	Misc	11	15,045,500	1,367,773	1	11.74%	21,283	10	13,464,900	1,346,490
104	2 Family	2,016	2,135,511,560	1,059,282	-39	2.59%	46,360	2,055	2,081,554,760	1,012,922
105	3 Family	174	195,605,500	1,124,170	-2	2.08%	35,386	176	191,625,900	1,088,784
111-125	Apartments	157	684,439,100	4,359,485	1	10.01%	371,270	156	622,161,500	3,988,215
130-132, 106	Res Land	287	41,024,000	142,941	-1	12.37%	16,181	288	36,506,900	126,760
200-231	Open Space	0			0			0		
300-393	Commercial	367	469,896,300	1,280,371	-3	4.82%	68,775	370	448,290,630	1,211,596
400-452	Industrial	21	27,367,600	1,303,219	0	7.73%	93,538	21	25,403,300	1,209,681
CH 61 Land	Ch Land	0			0			0		
CH 61A Land	Ch Land	0			0			0		
CH 61B Land	Ch Land	3	1,327,188	442,396	0	-23.83%	-138,376	3	1,742,317	580,772
012-043(Res)	Mixed Use(Res)	52	74,551,554	1,433,684	-1	8.91%	142,137	53	68,451,951	1,291,546
012-043(Com)	Mixed Use(Com)	25	66,362,736	1,610,041	0	7.96%	0	25	61,468,139	1,610,041
501	Per Prop	148	6,726,360	45,448	-7	-8.64%	-2,051	155	7,362,340	47,499
502	Per Prop	129	3,775,920	29,271	-2	14.71%	4,144	131	3,291,630	25,127
503	Per Prop	0	0		0			0	0	
504,550-552	Per Prop	2	160,502,060	80,251,030	0	11.41%	8,220,275	2	144,061,510	72,030,755
505	Per Prop	6	23,003,400	3,833,900	0	9.14%	321,167	6	21,076,400	3,512,733
506	Per Prop	2	14,318,100	7,159,050	0	2.76%	192,550	2	13,933,000	6,966,500
508	Per Prop	3	2,956,420	985,473	0	89.49%	465,397	3	1,560,230	520,077
TOTAL	<u>]</u>	15,533	14,523,850,398			9.15%		15,503	13,306,855,407	
Residential	1	14,851	13,747,614,314		Ī	9.29%		14,810	12,578,665,911	
Open Space	-	11,031	0.00		ļ	7.2770		11,010	0.00	
Commercial	1	371	537,586,224			5.10%		374	511,501,086	
Industrial	1	21	27,367,600			7.73%		21	25,403,300	
Total Real Est	1	15,243	14,312,568,138			9.13%		15,205	13,115,570,297	
Personal Prop	†	290	211,282,260			10.45%		299	191,285,110	
Total Real & PP	1	15,533	14,523,850,398			9.15%	ľ	15,504	13,306,855,407	
Exempt	j	361	987,437,900	i.	l	<u> </u>		361	829,142,800	
	· 7			1			·			
Grand Total]	15,894	15,511,288,298					15,865	14,135,998,207	

TAX RATE COMPONENTS FY 2020 - FY 2024

			i e	j.	
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
LEVY BASE	\$9.42	\$10.08	\$10.13	\$9.83	\$9.32
2.5%	\$0.24	\$0.25	\$0.25	\$0.25	\$0.23
GROWTH	\$0.07	\$0.07	\$0.07	\$0.09	\$0.09
OVERRIDE	\$0.46	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
WAT & SEW DEBT EXCL	\$0.46	\$0.30	\$0.15	\$0.00	\$0.00
SCHOOL DEBT EXCLU	\$0.41	\$0.64	\$0.82	\$1.04	\$0.95
TAX RATE *	\$11.06	\$11.34	\$11.42	\$11.21	\$10.59

*Tax Rate =((Amount To Be Raised)/(Total Taxable Assessed Value))*1000

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024			
MAX LEVY PRIOR FY	\$113,696,347	\$122,855,373	\$126,776,920	\$130,879,853	\$135,356,908			
2.50%	\$2,842,409	\$3,071,384	\$3,169,423	\$3,271,996	\$3,383,913			
GROWTH	\$816,616	\$850,163	\$933,510	\$1,205,059	\$1,280,112			
OVERRIDE	\$5,500,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
MAXIMUM LEVY	\$122,855,372	\$126,776,920	\$130,879,853	\$135,356,908	\$140,020,933			
LEVY INC %	7.46%	3.09%	3.13%	3.31%	3.33%			
LEVY INC \$	\$9,159,025	\$3,921,548	\$4,102,933	\$4,477,055	\$4,664,025			
W/S DEBT SERVICE	\$5,593,112	\$3,691,454	\$1,845,727	\$0	\$0			
SCHOOL DEBT EXCLU	\$4,928,109	\$7,744,595	\$10,276,792	\$13,848,434	\$13,830,576			
MAX TO BE RAISED	\$133,376,594	\$138,212,969	\$143,002,372	\$149,205,342	\$153,851,509			
ACTUAL RAISED	\$133,350,155	\$138,199,499	\$142,948,226	\$149,169,849	\$153,807,575			
EXCESS LEVY	\$26,439	\$13,470	\$54,146	\$35,493	\$43,934			
TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	12,056,976,079	12,186,904,721	12,517,357,831	13,306,855,407	14,523,850,398			
TOTAL AV % INCREASE	9.48%	1.08%	2.71%	6.31%	9.15%			
TAX RATE	\$11.06	\$11.34	\$11.42	\$11.21	\$10.59			
PENNY ON TAX RATE	\$120,570	\$121,869	\$125,174	\$133,069	\$145,239			
AVE ASSED VAL SINGLE FAMILY	\$825,144	\$829,339	\$844,658	\$912,386	\$1,015,162			
AVE TAXES SINGLE FAMILY	\$9,126	\$9,405	\$9,646	\$10,228	\$10,751			
* ALL NUMBERS SUBJECT TO ROUNDING AND FINAL DOR CERTIFICATION								

